

The teacher education mission is to empower candidate to become ethical knowledge, prepared individuals who can secondary schools as well as prepare them for further career choice and advancement is considered every year during teaching learning process. The curriculum prescribed by the University is the same that followed by the college and tremendous changes in acquiring and demonstrating knowledge, skills values and attitudes in students. Following objectives are clearly maintained.

1. Develops an understanding of the trends, issues and challenges facing contemporary Indian society
2. Acquaints with prominent theories of learning, retention and transfer of training and strategies to facilitate each one of these.
3. Helps them in understanding the relation between language, mind and society
4. Develops interest in facilitating learning and development and enjoys teaching and organizing curricular and co-curricular activities.
5. Readiness to accept the progressive changes in the field of education
6. Develops positive attitude to teaching profession and to coming generation
7. Harmony within oneself and with natural and social environment
8. Acquires skills in developing and using audiovisual devices and ICT for classroom teaching
9. To acquaint with professionalization of teacher education
10. Be sensitive to the social professional and administrative contexts in which they need to operate
11. To be a professional and humane teacher

COMMERCE

Guest Speakers The teacher may invite an outside speaker for speaking on a specific topic

Field trip/excursion if properly organized could be very useful in teaching some concept to students.

ENGLISH

Direct method

Grammar translation method

The Audio Lingual Method

MATHEMATICS

Lecture method , inductive, deductive, heuristic or discovery, analytic, synthetic, problem solving, laboratory and project methods.

Natural science

Hands-on activities (student-centered)
Project Based learning (student-centered)
Peer-led team learning (student-centered)
Flipped learning (student-centered).
Differentiation (student-centered)

Physical science

(i)Laboratory Method (ii) Demonstration Method (iii) Heuristic Method (iv) Project Method.
Preparation and use of low cost teaching aids.

Sanskrit

Vakyartha, debate, the psychological method .direct method

Social science

In social science teaching, activities are given preference like debate, demonstration, mock parliament etc